

| Project Title | Funding | Institution |
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| Wiring the brain: From genetic to neuronal networks | \$13,000 | University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill |
| Visuospatial processing in adults and children with autism | \$30,000 | Carnegie Mellon University |
| Visual perspective-taking and the acquisition of American Sign Language by deaf children with autism | \$28,000 | University of Texas at Austin |
| Using genetically modified mice to explore the neuronal network involved in social recognition | \$60,000 | Haifa University |
| Upgrade to multiuser 3T magnetic resonance imager | \$500,000 | University of Kentucky |
| Understanding perception and action in autism | \$32,000 | Kennedy Krieger Institute |
| Towards an endophenotype for amygdala dysfunction | \$384,145 | California Institute of Technology |
| Time perception and timed performance in autism | \$89,871 | Kennedy Krieger Institute |
| The role of the amygdala in autism | \$152,144 | University of California, Davis |
| The role of Fox-1 in neurodevelopment and autistic spectrum disorder | \$139,471 | University of California, Los Angeles |
| The neural substrates of repetitive behaviors in autism | \$54,436 | Boston University Medical Campus |
| The neural correlates of transient and sustained executive control in children with autism spectrum disorder | \$60,000 | University of Missouri |
| The neural basis of social cognition | \$325,651 | Indiana University |
| The mirror neuron system in the monkey and its role in action understanding | \$184,470 | Massachusetts General Hospital |
| The microstructural basis of abnormal connectivity in autism | \$348,980 | University of Utah |
| The fusiform and amygdala in the pathobiology of autism | \$311,951 | Children's Hospital of Philadelphia |
| The effects of Npas4 and Sema4D on inhibitory synapse formation | \$127,500 | Children's Hospital Boston |
| The development of object representation in infancy | \$248,095 | Regents of University of California |
| The development and redevelopment of lexical and sublexical representations | \$380,273 | The Research Foundation of the State University of New York |
| The cognitive neuroscience of autism spectrum disorders | \$1,335,493 | National Institutes of Health (NIH) |
| Testing the effects of cortical disconnection in non-human primates | \$150,000 | The Salk Institute for Biological Studies |
| Testing neurological models of autism | \$315,526 | California Institute of Technology |
| Taste, smell, and feeding behavior in autism: A quantitative traits study (supplement) | \$151,884 | University of Rochester |
| Taste, smell, and feeding behavior in autism: A quantitative traits study | \$592,498 | University of Rochester |
| Structural brain differences between autistic and typically-developing siblings | \$12,030 | Stanford University |
| Stereological analyses of neuron numbers in frontal cortex from age 3 years to adulthood in autism | \$0 | University of California, San Diego |
| Social behavior deficits in autism: Role of amygdala | \$93,500 | State University of New York Upstate Medical Center |
| Social and affective components of communication | \$152,186 | The Salk Institute for Biological Studies |
| Slick and slack heteromers in neuronal excitability | \$53,354 | Yale University |
| Sensory processing and integration in autism | \$593,677 | City College of New York |
| Roles of Wnt signaling/scaffolding molecules in autism | \$28,000 | University of California, San Francisco |

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| Role of Pam in synaptic morphology and function | \$127,497 | Massachusetts General Hospital |
| Role of neuroligin in synapse stability | \$127,500 | Oklahoma Medical Research Foundation |
| Role of autism-susceptibility gene, CNTNAP2, in neural circuitry for vocal communication | \$573,420 | University of California, Los Angeles |
| RNA-Seq studies of gene expression in cells and networks in FI and ACC in autism | \$564,301 | California Institute of Technology |
| Reward system in autism | \$181,125 | Kennedy Krieger Institute |
| Restricted and repetitive behaviors in young children with autism (supplement) | \$23,131 | Duke University |
| Regulation of gene expression in the brain | \$2,125,882 | National Institutes of Health (NIH) |
| Regulation of activity-dependent ProSAP2 synaptic dynamics | \$41,176 | Stanford University |
| Real time PCR for yeasts | \$20,000 | Brentwood Biomedical Research, Inc. |
| Radiofrequency transmit and receive upgrade for 3T research scanner | \$500,000 | Kennedy Krieger Institute |
| Psychophysiological mechanisms of emotion expression | \$0 | Georgia State University |
| Psychophysiological approaches to the study of autism | \$26,000 | University of Washington |
| Presence of clostridia in children with and without ASD | \$12,054 | Center for Autism and Related Disorders (CARD) |
| Precursors of theory of mind in young children with autism | \$79,227 | Carnegie Mellon University |
| Physiological and behavioral characterization of sensory dysfunction in autism | \$77,250 | Thomas Jefferson University |
| Phonological processing in the autism spectrum | \$32,000 | Heriot-Watt University |
| Past, present, and future-oriented thinking about the self in children with autism spectrum disorder | \$61,000 | City University London |
| Optogenetic analysis of circuits for vocal recognition | \$156,000 | Duke University |
| Optical analysis of circuit-level sensory processing in the cerebellum | \$0 | Princeton University |
| NrCAM, a candidate susceptibility gene for visual processing deficits in autism | \$127,500 | University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill |
| Novel approaches for investigating the neurology of autism: Detailed morphometric analysis and correlation with motor impairment | \$127,500 | Kennedy Krieger Institute |
| Neuroligins and neuroligins as autism candidate genes: Study of their association in synaptic connectivity | \$60,000 | University of California, San Diego |
| Neuroimaging of top-down control and bottom-up processes in childhood ASD | \$403,739 | Georgetown University |
| Neurodevelopmental mechanisms of social behavior | \$607,379 | University of Southern California |
| Neurobiology of affective prosody perception in autism | \$190,000 | Washington University in St. Louis |
| Neurobiological mechanisms of insistence on sameness in autism | \$28,000 | University of Illinois at Chicago |
| Neurobiological correlates of language dysfunction in autism spectrum disorders (supplement) | \$8,688 | Alexian Brothers Medical Center |

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| Neurobiological correlates of language dysfunction in autism spectrum disorders | \$404,389 | Alexian Brothers Medical Center |
| Neural substrate of language and social cognition: Autism and typical development | \$47,210 | Massachusetts Institute of Technology |
| Neural mechanisms underlying an extended multisensory temporal binding window in ASD | \$28,000 | Vanderbilt University |
| Neural mechanisms of social cognition and bonding | \$31,387 | Emory University |
| Neural mechanisms of attentional networks in autism | \$490 | Mount Sinai School of Medicine |
| Neural mechanisms for social cognition in autism spectrum disorders | \$229,730 | Massachusetts Institute of Technology |
| Neural correlates of social exchange and valuation in autism | \$149,985 | Baylor College of Medicine |
| Neural basis of socially driven attention in children with autism | \$28,000 | University of California, Los Angeles |
| Neural basis of audiovisual integration during language comprehension in autism | \$30,000 | University of Rochester |
| Neural basis for the production and perception of prosody | \$81,500 | University of Southern California |
| Neocortical regionalization: Analysis of genetic and epigenetic influences | \$75,000 | University of California, Riverside |
| Murine genetic models of autism | \$172,390 | Vanderbilt University |
| Multisensory processing in autism | \$104,607 | University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill |
| Multisensory integration of faces and voices in the primate temporal lobe | \$335,983 | Princeton University |
| Multisensory integration and temporal synchrony in autism | \$34,176 | University of Rochester |
| Multimodal brain imaging in autism spectrum disorders | \$165,397 | University of Washington |
| MRI system for neuroimaging typical and atypical cognitive and social development | \$2,000,000 | Carnegie Mellon University |
| MRI studies of cognition and sensorimotor integration | \$7,770 | Georgetown University |
| MRI measures of neural connectivity in Asperger's disorder | \$208,337 | University of Michigan |
| Motor skill learning in autism | \$332,646 | Kennedy Krieger Institute |
| Motivation, self-monitoring, and family process in autism | \$304,247 | University of Miami |
| Morphogenesis and function of the cerebral cortex | \$399,013 | Yale University |
| Molecular mechanisms regulating synaptic strength (supplement) | \$32,258 | Washington University in St. Louis |
| Molecular mechanisms regulating synaptic strength | \$299,250 | Washington University in St. Louis |
| Mimicry and imitation in autism spectrum disorders | \$31,685 | University of Connecticut |
| MEG investigation of the neural substrates underlying visual perception in autism | \$127,081 | Massachusetts General Hospital |
| MEG investigation of phonological processing in autism | \$28,000 | University of Colorado Denver |
| Longitudinal neurodevelopment of auditory and language cortex in autism | \$27,318 | University of Utah |
| Linking local activity and functional connectivity in autism | \$388,825 | San Diego State University |
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| Linguistic perspective-taking in adults with high-functioning autism: Investigation of the mirror neuron system | \$28,000 | Carnegie Mellon University |
| Investigation of cortical folding complexity in children with autism, their autism-discordant siblings, and controls | \$0 | Stanford University |
| Integrative functions of the planum temporale | \$452,524 | University of California, Irvine |
| Informational and neural bases of empathic accuracy in autism spectrum disorder | \$0 | Columbia University |
| Imaging synaptic neurexin-neuligin complexes by proximity biotinylation: Applications to the molecular pathogenesis of autism | \$49,000 | Massachusetts Institute of Technology |
| Imaging signal transduction in single dendritic spines | \$390,000 | Duke University |
| Imaging brain and movement in ASD | \$270,296 | University of California, San Diego |
| Identifying brain-based biomarkers for ASD & their biological subtypes | \$1,206,925 | New York State Psychiatric Institute |
| High-resolution diffusion tensor imaging in mouse models relevant to autism | \$253,735 | University of Pennsylvania |
| Gross morphological correlates to the minicolumnopathy of autism | \$287,554 | University of Louisville |
| Greater New York Autism Center of Excellence - Clinical Core | \$1,224 | Mount Sinai School of Medicine |
| Gamma band dysfunction as a local neuronal connectivity endophenotype in autism | \$78,797 | University of Colorado Denver |
| GABAergic dysfunction in autism (supplement) | \$63,950 | University of Minnesota |
| GABAergic dysfunction in autism | \$294,344 | University of Minnesota |
| Function and structure adaptations in forebrain development | \$568,834 | University of Southern California |
| Functional neuroanatomy of developmental changes in face processing (supplement) | \$7,712 | University of Kentucky |
| Functional neuroanatomy of developmental changes in face processing | \$302,360 | University of Kentucky |
| Functional anatomy of face processing in the primate brain | \$1,678,309 | National Institutes of Health (NIH) |
| fMRI study of self-produced tactile stimulation in autistic adolescents | \$244 | Mount Sinai School of Medicine |
| fMRI studies of neural dysfunction in autistic toddlers | \$614,468 | University of California, San Diego |
| fMRI studies of cerebellar functioning in autism | \$46,000 | University of Illinois at Chicago |
| Evaluation of sleep disturbance in children with ASD | \$27,456 | Center for Autism and Related Disorders (CARD) |
| Engrailed genes and cerebellum morphology, spatial gene expression and circuitry | \$474,750 | Memorial Sloan-Kettering Cancer Center |
| Engrailed and the control of synaptic circuitry in Drosophila | \$112,500 | University of Puerto Rico Medical Sciences Campus |
| Electrical measures of functional cortical connectivity in autism | \$60,000 | University of Washington |
| Distinct function of the neuroligin 3 postsynaptic adhesion complex | \$37,784 | Columbia University |
| Development of the functional neural systems for face expertise | \$524,017 | University of California, San Diego |
| Development of brain connectivity in autism | \$312,916 | New York School of Medicine |
| Description and assessment of sensory abnormalities in ASD | \$18,968 | Center for Autism and Related Disorders (CARD) |

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| Deriving neuroprogenitor cells from peripheral blood of individuals with autism | \$46,597 | University of Utah |
| Dendritic organization within the cerebral cortex in autism | \$144,822 | The Open University |
| Cortical mechanisms underlying visual motion processing impairments in autism | \$60,000 | Harvard Medical School/McLean Hospital |
| Cortical complexity in children with autism, unaffected siblings, and controls | \$79,000 | Stanford University |
| Connectivity of anterior cingulate cortex networks in autism | \$265,044 | New York University School of Medicine |
| Coherence and temporal dynamics in auditory cortex of children with autism | \$88,292 | Massachusetts General Hospital |
| Cognitive control in autism | \$146,960 | University of California, Davis |
| Chemosensory processing in chemical communication | \$287,963 | Florida State University |
| Characterization of the pathological and biochemical markers that correlate to the clinical features of autism | \$0 | Research Foundation for Mental Hygiene, Inc. |
| Characterization of the pathological and biochemical markers that correlate to the clinical features of autism | \$0 | Research Foundation for Mental Hygiene, Inc. |
| Characterization of the pathological and biochemical markers that correlate to the clinical features of autism | \$0 | Research Foundation for Mental Hygiene, Inc. |
| Characterization of the mirror neuron system in 3-9 month old infants using the BabySQUID imaging system | \$4,748 | University of New Mexico |
| Cerebellar modulation of frontal cortical function | \$347,643 | University of Memphis |
| Cerebellar anatomic and functional connectivity in autism spectrum disorders | \$251,419 | University of Texas at Austin |
| Brain circuitry in simplex autism | \$187,500 | Washington University in St. Louis |
| Behavioral pilot for an imaging study of social attention deficits in autism | \$205,200 | Washington University in St. Louis |
| Behavioral and sensory evaluation of auditory discrimination in autism | \$150,220 | University of Massachusetts Medical School |
| Behavioral and functional neuroimaging investigations of visual perception and cognition in autistics | \$127,168 | Universit  de Montr al |
| BDNF secretion and neural precursor migration | \$0 | Dana-Farber Cancer Institute |
| Autistic endophenotypes and their associations to oxytocin and cholesterol | \$84,055 | Mount Sinai School of Medicine |
| Autism spectrum disorders and the visual analysis of human motion | \$250,000 | Rutgers, The State University of New Jersey |
| Atypical late neurodevelopment in autism: A longitudinal MRI and DTI study | \$503,378 | University of Utah |
| Attentional abnormalities in autism: An electrophysiological study of the basal forebrain and central nucleus of the amygdala | \$60,000 | University of California, San Diego |
| Are neuronal defects in the cerebral cortex linked to autism? | \$0 | Memorial Sloan-Kettering Cancer Center |
| Architecture of myelinated axons linking frontal cortical areas | \$54,000 | Boston University |
| Anterior cingulate and fronto-insular related brain networks in autism | \$194,745 | Mount Sinai School of Medicine |
| Anatomy of primate amygdaloid complex | \$106,669 | University of California, Davis |
| Analysis of the small intestinal microbiome of children with autism | \$132,750 | Massachusetts General Hospital |

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| Analysis of brain microstructure in autism using novel diffusion MRI approaches | \$59,992 | Washington University School of Medicine |
| A model-based investigation of face processing in autism | \$12,950 | Georgetown University |
| A microdevice for immune profiling of children with autism | \$19,000 | University of California, Davis |
| A combined fMRI-TMS study on the role of the mirror neuron system in social cognition: Moving beyond correlational evidence | \$127,500 | University of California, Los Angeles |
| ACE Center: The Imaging Core (supplement) | \$54,458 | University of California, Los Angeles |
| ACE Center: The Imaging Core | \$326,381 | University of California, Los Angeles |
| ACE Center: Systems connectivity + brain activation: Imaging studies of language + perception (supplement) | \$94,022 | University of Pittsburgh |
| ACE Center: Systems connectivity + brain activation: Imaging studies of language + perception | \$444,021 | University of Pittsburgh |
| ACE Center: Neuroimaging studies of connectivity in ASD | \$337,540 | Yale University |
| ACE Center: Mirror neuron and reward circuitry in autism (supplement) | \$51,364 | University of California, Los Angeles |
| ACE Center: Mirror neuron and reward circuitry in autism | \$307,838 | University of California, Los Angeles |
| ACE Center: Imaging the autistic brain before it knows it has autism | \$206,916 | University of California, San Diego |
| ACE Center: Disturbances of affective contact: Development of brain mechanisms for emotion (supplement) | \$32,703 | University of Pittsburgh |
| ACE Center: Disturbances of affective contact: Development of brain mechanisms for emotion | \$154,445 | University of Pittsburgh |
| ACE Center: Diffusion tensor MRI + histopathology of brain microstructure + fiber pathways (supplement) | \$2 | University of Pittsburgh |
| ACE Center: Diffusion tensor MRI + histopathology of brain microstructure + fiber pathways | \$12 | University of Pittsburgh |
| ACE Center: Development of categorization, facial knowledge in low & high functioning autism (supplement) | \$81,816 | University of Pittsburgh |
| ACE Center: Development of categorization, facial knowledge in low & high functioning autism | \$386,379 | University of Pittsburgh |
| ACE Center: Cognitive affective and neurochemical processes underlying IS in autism | \$377,577 | University of Illinois at Chicago |

